

**Magistrski študijski program 2. stopnje Geografija**  
**Master of Geography programme**

**Sodobni geografski procesi v Sredozemlju (Planerska usmeritev)**

Predmet seznanja študente z osnovnimi naravno- in družbenogeografskimi značilnostmi Sredozemlja kot regije ter s pokrajinsko ekološkimi in družbenimi dejavniki, ki vplivajo na oblikovanje kulturne pokrajine v različnih delih Sredozemlja. Večja pozornost je namenjena za Sredozemlje specifičnim in aktualnim procesom in problemom, ki iz njih izhajajo, kot so npr. intenzivno kmetijstvo in namakanje, omejenost vodnih virov in težave v oskrbi z vodo, raba tal in erozija prsti, požari v naravi in degradacija gozdov, opuščanje pašništva in sukcesija, onesnaževanje voda, aktualni demografski trendi depopulacije in staranja prebivalstva v zalednih in višje ležečih naseljih, povečevanje urbanih in zlasti obalnih naselij, migracije in litoralizacija obalnih območij, turistični in prometni tokovi v Sredozemlju, varovanje ekosistemov in zavarovana območja narave, ukrepi za izboljšanje kakovosti morja. Pozornost je, tako z naravno- kot družbenogeografskega vidika, namenjena »sredozemskemu« območju Slovenije in nam bližnjih sredozemskih pokrajin ob Jadranskem morju.

**Podatki o predmetu:**

- 1 ali 2. letnik / 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> year | izbirni / mandatory,
- 30 ur predavanj, 15 ur seminarja,
- 6 ECTS.

**Preverjanje in ocenjevanje znanja:**

- Daljši pisni izdelek do 20 %,
- Končni izpit do 80 % končne ocene.

**Contemporary geographical processes in Mediterranean (Spatial planning course)**

Students acquire a better knowledge of the basic physical and socio-geographical characteristics of the Mediterranean region, as well as ecological and social factors that influence the shaping of cultural landscapes in different parts of the Mediterranean. Special attention is given to specific and current processes and problems arising from them, such as intensive agriculture and irrigation, limitation of water resources and problems in water supply, land use and soil erosion, wildfires and forest degradation, abandonment of pastoral farming and succession, water pollution. Students are also acquainted with the current demographic trends of depopulation and population aging in the hinterland and in the higher elevated areas, increasing urban and coastal settlements, migration and littoralization processes in the coastal areas, tourism and traffic flows. The course also provides the knowledge about the importance of Mediterranean ecosystems and protected areas, and presents measures to improve the quality of the sea. The main characteristics of the Mediterranean regions along the Adriatic Sea (including Slovenia) are also analysed from physical and socio-geographical point of view.